Safety Data Sheet

Palladium (II) Sulfate Solution

Created: July. 29. 2010 Revised: Feb. 01. 2020

1. Product and Company Information

Product Name: Palladium (II) Sulfate Solution

Company Name: Toyo Chemical Industrial Co., Ltd.

Address: 2-26-13 Naka-Izumi, Komae-City, Tokyo

Tel: +81-3-3489-5152 Fax: +81-3-3488-1706

Emergency Contact: As above

Recommended use of the product

and restrictions on use:

Palladium plating, catalysts

2. Hazard identification

GHS classification of the substance

Health hazards: Acute toxicity, Inhalation: Dusts and mists Category 2
Skin corrosios/irritation Category 1A

Serious eye damage/irritation Category 1

Specific target organ toxicity, Category 1 (respiratory)

single exposure

Specific target organ toxicity, Category 1 (respiratory)

repeated exposure

Environmental hazards: Hazardous to the aquatic environment, Category 3

acute hazard

GHS Label elements

Pictograms:









Signal word: Danger

Hazard Statements: H330: Fatal if inhaled (Dusts and mists)

H314 : Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

H318: Causes serious eye damage

H370 : Causes damage to organs (respiratory)

H372: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure (respiratory)

H402: Harmful to aquatic life

Precautionary statement

Safety Measures: P260 : Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.

P264: Wash hand thoroughly after handling.

P270: Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. P271: Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P273: Avoid release to the environment.

P280: Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P284: [In case of inadequate ventilation] Wear respiratory protection.

Emergency Measures : P301 + P330 + P331 : IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.

P303 + P361 + P353 : IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off Immediately all contaminated

clothing. Rinse SKIN with water [or shower].

P304 + P340 : IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for

breathing.

P305 + P351 + P338 : IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes.

Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do - continue rinsing. P308 + P311 : IF exposed or concerned: Call a POISON CENTER/doctor/...

P310: Immediately call a doctor/physician.

P314: Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

P363: Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Storage: P403 + P233 : Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

P405: Store locked up.

P501: Dispose of contents/container entrust to a specialized waste disposal company. Disposal:

Other hazards: No information

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance or Mixture:

Palladium(II) Sulfate Chemical name or general name:

Another name:

Concentration or concentration range: PdSO₄: 7.6% (Pd 4.0%) (202.48)

Molecular formula (molecular weight): PdSO₄:

Chemical characteristics

(rational or structural formula):

CAS No.: 13566-03-5 1-(3)-375

Reference numbers in gazetted list

in japan(CSCL and ISHL):

Impurities and stabilizing additives that contribute to classification:

Sulfuric acid

4. First-aid measures

If inhalation: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.

Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

Skin contact: Take off contaminated clothing, shoes, etc.

Rinse skin immediately with water.

If changes in appearance manifest, or pain continues, consult a physician. Eye contact:

Rinse eyes with water for several minutes and seek medical attention. When washing the eyes, open the eyelids thoroughly with your fingers,

and wash the eyeballs and eyelids for that the water can reach all corners.

Ingestion: Rinse mouth.

Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

Most important symptoms/effects, Corrosiveness, burning sensation, sore throat, cough, breathlessness, shortness of breath,

redness, pain, blisters, severe skin burns, abdominal pain, shock or collapse.

Protection of people implementing

Special precautions for physicians:

emergency measures:

acute and delayed:

Rescuers should wear suitable protective equipment according to the circumstances.

Symptoms of pulmonary edema are often unknown until a few hours have passed,

so rest and follow-up are required.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media: This substance is does not burn itself.

Use extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding fire.

Do not use extinguishing media: No information

Specific hazards: This substance is nonflammable and does not burn itself, but can decompose when heated

to outbreak harmful gas(SOx), so wear protective equipment when firefighting.

Characteristic extinguishing methods: In case of fire in the surroundings, immediately move the container to a safe place.

If it cannot be moved, cool it by spraying water around the container and its surroundings.

In case of ignition, extinguish with large amounts of water.

At this time, care should be taken so that the concentrated waste liquid is not discharged

into rivers.

Protection of firefighters: Wear suitable air respirators and protective clothing (heat resistant).

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, Workers must wear appropriate protective equipment (see section 8. Exposure Controls /

protective equipment and Personal Protection) and avoid contact with eyes and skin and inhalation.

emergency procedures: Around the splattered area on put a rope prohibit the entry except the person concerned.

Environmental precautions: Avoid discharging into the environment.

Methods and materials for No information

containment and cleaning up:

Collection and neutralization: Collect spills for containers, neutralize using soda ash, etc., and rinse off with

plenty of water.

Preventing secondary accidents: Prevent inflow to drainage ditches, sewers, cellars, or sealed locations.

7. Handling and storage

Handling

Technical measures: Take the equipment measures described in "8. Exposure controls/personal protection"

and wear protective equipment.

Described in "8. Exposure controls/personal protection" perform local exhaust and general

ventilation.

Precautions for safe handling: Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

Do not contact, inhale or swallow.

Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment.

Contact evasion: See "10. Stability and Reactivity" section.

Storage

Safe storage conditions: Store in keep away from heat, strong alkalis and contact with reducing substances.

Store locked up.

Store in a closed container, and well-ventilated place.

Technical measures:No information

Container and packing materials: Use containers regulated by UN transportation laws.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control concentration: No information

Tolerable concentration:

Japan Society for Occupational Health 1 mg/m³ (as Sulfuric acid)

(2015)

ACGIH (2013) 0.2 mg/m³ (TLV-TWA) (as Sulfuric acid)

Equipment measures: Workplaces storing or handling this material should be equipped with an eyewash facilities

and safety shower.

Enclose the equipment or install a local exhaust ventilation to prevent exposure.

Protective Equipment

Respiratory protection: Wear suitable respiratory protection (such as air supply mask, air respirator,

or oxygen respirator).

Hand protection: Wear suitable protective gloves. (Neoprene gloves, etc.)

Eye protection: Wear suitable eye protective equipment. (Goggles, etc.)

Skin and body protection: Wear suitable protective face equipment, clothing, and protective shoes, etc.

(Impermeable protective clothing, protective boots, etc.)

9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical state: Liquid

Color: Reddish-brown
Odor: Odorless
Odor threshold: No information

pH: 1 max.

Melting point/freezing point: No information

Boiling point, initial boiling point,

and boiling range: No information Ignition point: No information Vaporization speed (butyl acetate=1): No information Burnability (solids and gas): No information No information Explosion range: Vapor pressure: No information Vapor density (vapor=1): No information Specific gravity (density): About 1.2∼1.3 Solubility: No information n-Octanol/water partition coefficient: No information Spontaneous ignition temperature: No information Decomposition temperature: No information No information Viscosity:

10. Stability and Reactivity

Reactivity: No information

Chemical stability: If there is sufficient water, it decomposes to palladium oxide.

Possibility of hazardous reactions: It is reduced to metallic palladium by a strong reducing agent.

Contact with metal, or exposure to high temperatures generates harmful gases (SOx). Contact or mixture with flammable substances may cause heating and ignition due to

the catalytic reaction of palladium.

Conditions to avoided: Heat and Humidity

Incompatible materisls: Reducing agents, metals, strong alkalis, and organic substances

Hazardous decomposition products: Sulfur oxides

11. Toxicological Information

Acute toxicity

Oral: Based on sulfuric acid oral rat LD50 value 2,140mg / kg (SIDS (2001)), and reports of

deaths from human ingestion (the amount is unknown), it was classified into Category 5.

Dermal: Classification not possible due to lack of data.

Inhalation : Gases The definition of GHS is a liquid.

Inhalation : Vapours The definition of GHS is a liquid.

Inhalation: Dusts and mists Based on sulfuric acid rat LC50 value (4 hour exposure): 0.375 mg / L (SIDS (2001)) and

(1 hour exposure): 7 ppm (4 hour equivalent: 0.347 mg / L) (SIDS (2001)),

it was classified into Category 2.

Skin corrosios/irritation: Since the pH is 1 or less, it was determined to be corrosive in accordance with

the GHS classification criteria and was classified as Category 1A.

Serious eye damage/irritation: In a case of personal injury caused by sulfuric acid, severe eye damage accompanied by

dissolution of the anterior chamber was observed (ATSDR (1998)), Sulfuric acid caused moderate irritation to rabbit eyes with 5% solution and severe irritation with 10% solution

(SIDS (2001)), and pH of sulfuric acid is less than 1, based on these results,

it was classified as Category 1.

Respiratory sensitization:

Classification not possible due to lack of data.

Skin sensitization:

Classification not possible due to lack of data.

Reproductive toxicity: Classification not possible due to lack of data.

Specific target organ toxicity

Sulfuric acid is respiratory tract symptoms such as cough and shortness of breath have been

(single exposure): observed with low-level inhalation exposure (DFGOT 2001), at high -level exposures acute effects such as coughing, shortness of breath, and excretion of bloody sputum, as well as permanent effects such as reduced lung function and fibrosis, emphysema were

observed (ATSDR 1998), and pulmonary bleeding and dysfunction were observed in guinea pig 8-hour inhalation exposure (ATSDR1998), based on these results, it was

classified as Category 1 (respiratory).

Specific target organ toxicity

In a 28-day inhalation exposure test of sulfuric acid in rats, cell proliferation was observed in

(repeated exposure): the laryngeal mucosa within the guidance value range of Category 1 (SIDS (2001)),

Repeated inhalation exposure test of sulfuric acid in guinea pigs for 14 to 139 days showed

airway and lung disorders such as nasal septum edema, emphysema, atelectasis,

bronchiolar hyperemia, edema, bleeding and thrombus at concentrations within the guidance value range of Category 1. (ATSDR (1998)), In addition, in a 78-week inhalation exposure study in cynomolgus monkeys, histological findings such as cell hyperplasia and wall thickening in the bronchioles of the lung at doses within the guidance value range of Category 1 (0.048 mg / L, 23.5 hr / day) were performed. Changes were observed (ATSDR (1998), based on these results, it was classified as Category 1 (respiratory).

Aspiration hazard: Classification not possible due to lack of data.

12. Ecological Information

Toxicity

Hazardous to the aquatic environment Based on sulfuric acid 96 hours LC50 = 16-28mg / L ((fish : bluegill)(SIDS (2003)),

Classification not possible due to lack of data.

(Acute): it was classified into Category 3.

Hazardous to the aquatic environment

(long-term):

Hazard to the ozone layer: The materials concerned are not listed by an affiliated book of Montreal Protocol.

13. Disposal Precautions

Residual waste: Recover palladium using reduction roasting or oxidative precipitation.

Do not incinerate in an incinerator or the like without a cleaning device because

a gas containing harmful components is generated during incineration

(It is desirable to outsource to a specialized company).

Dirty containers and packaging: Containers should be disposed of properly according to relevant laws and

local government standards.

When disposing of empty containers, completely remove the contents.

14. Transport information

International Regulations

UN No.: 2796 SULPHURIC ACID (with not more than 51% acid)

Proper Shipping Name: SULPHURIC ACID with not more than 51% acid

Class : Class 8: Corrosive

Sub Risk: —
Packing Group: II
Marine pollutant (Sea): —
Transport in bulk according to No

Annex II of MARPOL 73/78

and the IBC Code:

Japanese Regulations

Land Regulations Information: Obey Poisonous and Deleterious Substances Control Act and Fire Services Act regulations.

Maritime Regulations Information : Obey Ship Safety Law regulations.

Aviation Regulations Information : Obey the Civil Aeronautics Law.

Special Safety Measures: During transport, avoid direct sunlight, and load so that the containers are not damaged,

> corroded, or leaking, and secure the load to prevent toppling. Do not transport together with food or livestock feed. Yellow card must be held required during transport.

15. Regulatory information (Japanese law)

Fire Service Act: Substances requiring notification of storage (As the sulfuric acid) (200kg)

Poisonous and Deleterious Substances

Control Act:

Deleterious substance not for medical use

Industrial Safety and Health Act: Notifiable substance (Article 57-2, government ordinance Article 18-2

Corrosive Substances

attached table No. 9-613) (As the sulfuric acid)

Specified Chemical Substance (Group 3) (As the sulfuric acid)

Ordinance on Prevention of Hazards

Due to Specified Chemical Substances:

PRTR:

Regulations for the carriage and

storage of dangerous goods in ship:

Civil Aeronautics Act: Corrosive Substances

16. Other Information

References, etc.: GHS classification results database: NITE website

> GHS model SDS information: JISHA website Ministry of Health, Labor and Welfare website

Reagent guidebook

Collection of Poisonous Materials Standard Notifications Dictionary of Chemistry (1987 30th printing: Kyoritsu Shuppan)

16112 Chemical Products (2012 The Chemical Daily)

*Caution:

Hazard and harmfulness evaluations were created using the data and information available at the current time, but is not necessarily thorough, so handle with care.

Further, the data and evaluations described herein are not in any way guaranteed. The descriptions refer to normal handling, so for special handling, first implement safety measures conforming to the new application and methods of use.

This SDS is translated into English.(Original version is Japanese)